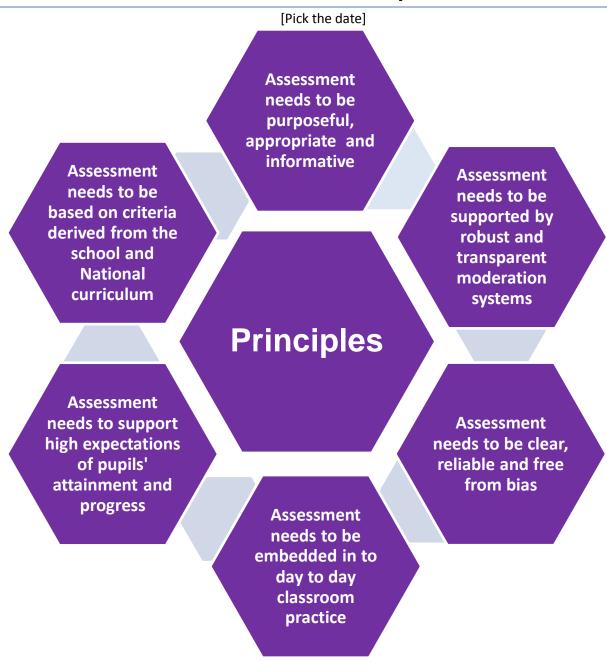
Assessment Principles



Assessment Principles

Assessment needs to be purposeful, appropriate and informative

- •Assessment needs to provide evidence to guide teaching and learning.
- •Any assessment needs to have a clear purpose.
- •Assessment needs to be appropriate in terms of age, task and desired outcome.

[Pick the date]

Assessment needs to be supported by robust and transparent moderation systems

- •Assessment needs to provide data that can be analysed to provide information about teaching and learning, the effectiveness of the curriculum and the needs and progress of individuals.
- •Assessment judgements need to be moderated by experienced professionals to ensure accuracy.

Assessment needs to be embedded in to day to day classroom practice

- •Assessment needs to be planned for both within year groups and by individual teachers and other adults.
- •Assessment information gathered during teaching should be used to reshape learning as appropriate: both within individual lessons and as part of longer teaching sequences.

Assessment needs to be based on an assessment criteria derived from the school and National curriculum

•Assessments supports the framework for teaching and learning that enables every child to progress and develop.

Assessment needs to be clear, reliable and free from bias

- •Assessment needs to be inclusive of all abilities.
- Assessement should demand no more procedures than practically required to enhance learning.
- •Assessment outcomes need to be understandable and meaningful for all stakeholders.

Assessment needs to support high expectations of pupils' attainment and progress

- •Assessment develops pupil engagement and acts as a motivator for pupil performance.
- •Assessment dialogue (adult/adult and adult/child) reinforces the schools' vision : high standards and expectations are central to all aspects of school life.

Click on this link for further details about the schools' assessment procedures.